

17 December 2025

Our Ref: 5150501
File Ref: MCU2025/0012
Enquiries: Luke Acreman

Dalrymple Villa Incorporated
C/- Buildable Approvals
Attn: Joe Sevillano
701 Albany Creek Road
ALBANY CREEK QLD 4035

Sent via email: townplanning@buildable.com.au

Dear Joe,

Infrastructure Charges Notice
(Given under Section 119 of the *Planning Act 2016*)

Reference is made to the Decision Notice which was issued by Council on 17 December 2025. As a result, Council hereby provides this Infrastructure Charges Notice.

Applicant details

Applicant name: Dalrymple Villa Incorporated C/- Buildable Approvals (Joe Sevillano)

Location details

Street address: 15-23 Fraser Street, Richmond Hill
Real property description: Lot 13 on SP289342

Application details

Application number: MCU2025/0012
Approval type: Development Permit
Development type: Material Change of Use
Category of assessment: Code Assessment
Description of development: Extension to Retirement Facility - Construction of 6 units in 3 buildings
Categorising instrument: Charters Towers Regional Town Plan Version 2

Total levied charge payable

The total amount payable is **\$15,717.00**. The levied charge will not be subject to an automatic increase and no offset or refund applies.



Goods and Services Tax (GST) does not apply to payments or contributions made by applicants to Government which relate to an application for the provision, retention, or amendment of a permission, exemption, authority or licence (however described) under the *Planning Act 2016*.

Calculation of charge

The levied charge has been calculated against the Infrastructure Charges Resolution (No. 3) 2020 which took effect from 28 October 2020 as follows:

Table One: Gross Charge

Charge	Quantity	Rate	Gross Charge Amount
Per 2 or less bedroom unit	6	\$5,239.00	\$31,434.00
		Gross Charge Amount	\$31,434.00

Table Two: Applied Credit

Credit	Quantity	Rate	Gross Credit Amount
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		Gross Credit Amount	N/A

Table Three: Total Charge (Pre-variation)

Charge	(Minus) Credit	Total Charge (Pre-variation)
\$31,434.00	N/A	\$31,434.00

Table Four: Variation to Adopted Charges

Charge	Category	Variation	Net Charge Amount
\$31,434.00	Not-for-profit organisations	50%	\$15,717.00

When the charge is payable

As per Section 122 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the charge is payable for a Reconfiguration of a Lot prior to Council executing a plan of survey whilst for a Material Change of Use at the commencement of the use.

Notwithstanding the above, this notice stops having effect to the extent that the development approval stops having effect pursuant to Section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Methods of payment

When the charge is payable payments can be made either:

- 1) Over the counter at Council's Administration Officer located at 12 Mosman Street, Charters Towers. Please quote your application number.
- 2) Through Council's nominated bank account being Account No. 00000022 and BSB No. 064-805. Please use your application number as the reference.
- 3) If you require an invoice, please contact Council and one will be provided.

Other details

Pursuant to Chapter 6, Part 1 and Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016* a person may appeal against an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

Should you wish to discuss this matter, please contact Council on (07) 4761 5300.

Yours faithfully



Timna Green
Manager Planning & Development



Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*; or
 - (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—
storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

<div>Table 1</div> <div>Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</div>
<div>1. Development applications</div> <div>For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</div> <div><div><div>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or</div><div>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or</div><div>(c) a provision of the development approval; or</div><div>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</div></div></div>

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applications For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against— (a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or (b) a deemed refusal of the change application.			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change application
3. Extension applications For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister or made to the chief executive under section 87A, an appeal may be made against— (a) the assessment manager’s decision on the extension application; or (b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager
<p>4. Infrastructure charges notices</p> <p>An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—</p> <p>(a) the notice involved an error relating to—</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or</p> <p><i>Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge—</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development • applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(iii) an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or</p> <p>(d) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	—	—
5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	—	—
6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	—	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government
7. Enforcement notices under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i> An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The local government that gave the enforcement notice	—	—

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only
1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of— (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error.

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	—	—
2. Eligible submitter appeals For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> <p>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	—	—
5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.			

Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision</p> <p>2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</p> <p>3 If the decision is to amend the registration of premises to include additional land in the affected area for the premises—an owner or occupier of premises within the additional land who is dissatisfied with the decision</p>	The Minister	—	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
<p>6. Local laws</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—</p> <p>(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or</p> <p>(b) the erection of a building or other structure.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	—	—

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only
<p>1. Building advisory agency appeals</p> <p>An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>

Table 3
Appeals to a tribunal only

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p>
<p>2. Inspection of building work</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision	—	—
<p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i></p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.</p>			

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision	—	—
4. Failure to decide an application or other matter under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the Building Act within the period required under that Act, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision	—	—
5. Failure to decide an application or other matter under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i> An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i> within the period required under that Act, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.			

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision	—	—